## SOUTHERN BAPTIST HISTORICAL LIBRARY AND ARCHIVES Nashville, Tennessee

Interview with Owen Cooper

(by Jim Young)

Q--What in your view are the greatest accomplishments of Southern Baptists during the past two years?

The fact that S. Bapt. for the 3rd consecutive year have baptized more than 400,000 people is a noteworthy accomplishment. We had an alltime high in the number of foreign missionaries under appointment. We are maintaining the same number of home missionaries. With the exception of one year weve had in our seminaries the greatest enrollment we've ever had. The immome last year in aggregate was over one billion, 200 million dollars. And that reflects some of the measurable accomplishments.

Now when you get into some of the intangible accomplishemts, one of the t ings most pend pleasing to me is the growing interest on the part of laymen to become meaningfully involved in the total denominational program—not just in the local church, but meaningfully involved byeond the local church.

And then I see a quest on the part of many Baptist people to try to make a greater place in their life for the Holy Splrit.... I think this is a needed area in S. Bapt. life, as indificuals, as churches, as organizations...that we should make a greater place in our life for the direction and leadership and filling and power and strength of the Holy Spirit.

What evidence do you see that the lay movement is really growing among S.  $\mbox{\ensuremath{B}}$  aptists?

An increasing number of lay people are getting involved in various types of mission activities. they are assuming greater responsibilities in the area of witnessing, much of it growing out of lay witnessing training program sponsored by the HMB. Actually, the bus ministry is entirely dependent on a large number of committed lay persons—men, women and young people. Laymen have more time now and many of them have more money. They will respond to requests to get involved

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in areas at home and areas abroad. There are increasing numbers of people who are making the servides available through the summer student missions program, the associate mission program, as career missionaries, and as retireesk to the FMB.

All of these are some indications that lay people want to assume more responsibilities as lay ministers.

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Q-Do you have any regrets about things that have happened in S.B. life within the last 2 years? Or do you see any trends in S.B. life that you don't like?

My biggest min regret would be that S. Bapt. did not become more meaningfully involved in the Wrold Program of Reconciliation through Jesus Christ that was sponsored by the BWA. There amendment hundreds at Baptist groups that are involved in this, and some of them very meaningful. S. Ba. have the greatest reservoir of knowhow and techniques in the area of evangelism and missions, I believe, of any religious body in the world. This is not something we should hoard. We should share it with others. One way to share it is to get involved in programs that cross Baptist denominational lines. This may have seemed to be of little consequence to use because of the great programs we have, but i think would be helpfun not only in this country but beyond for S. Bapt. to really get involved in this program.

Another disappointment to me is the fadt that the HMB has approximately 150 volunteers to go into areas in this country where there are many many unchurched people, and they do not have the money to send them. Somehow the money that is in the pockets of S.Ba. ought to be made available to send this great group of missio aries out.

Hopefully, I would have wished our baptistms this year would have exceeded the most we've ever had. I look forward to the time when we have million baptistms. But we're going to have to work hard on it. The population decline. means there will be find fewer baptist children to baptize in the future.

We're going to have to redouble our efforts just to hold our own in this emm area. I like to see progress in this area, and when we slipped back some this year it was a source of disappointment to me.

Q-Baptist Faithand Message Fellowship...what about this controversy between socalled conservaties and socalled liberals? The idex of this BFMF statement. Should S.B. be greatly concerned about this especially in light of the Lutheran controversy over Concordia Seminary.

A- Actually, a liberal S.B. in the classical sense is somethat of a conservative himself. We just have varying degrees of conservatism. So we have some more, and some less conservative people than others. A few years ago it was the less conservative people who were coming to the SBC in an organization and creatingumm quite a little comment. Now it is the more conservative people who are coming.

I do not look at either of these as threats at all. I think this can and probably does serve and a useful purpose. I look at S. Ba. like a giant ocean liner that is being birthed. You'll have a couple of small tugs on either side, one pushing to the left, the other to the right. They couldn't handle this ship by themselves. The pressure will help keep the ship on course. Therefore, those who are less conservative among S.B. are always challenging us to broaden our horizons and maybe a little greater involvement in social ministries, and programs that might be more attractive to some of our young em people; and then those who always call us back to the basics of the Bible. We all have a tendency to get enamored with sucdess. rather than with the author of success. I see no bad purpose in people saying, "now stay with the ximbinem...fundamentals of the bible. forseeable Will I do not see either of these forces, now are in the future, assuming the proportions a church or two every now and then to the right and to the left. When a church feels it cannot maintain fellowship with the SBC, I see no reason why it should not seek fellowship in groups where it feels compatible. But sofer as

division among us, I do not forsee it, because basically, mmmmy 99.44% of S.B. would subscribe to the statement adopted by S.B. in 1963. But that does not mean every one of us will interpret any verse of scripture just exactly alike. Now theres onely one thing worse than having a division of opinion m among S.B.— and that is if we all thought exactly alike. When we all begin to think are going to exactly alike, we stagnate, and it wont be long juntil we become relatively stale and I think we will lose some of our power and some of our potency and some of bur enthusiasm.

## Q--What hopes do you have for S.B. in the future?

Maybe I better give you a book on this one. (Laughter.) I think as a Bible believing group of people accepting responsibility for evangelism at home and missions away from home, that my hope is that we will measure up more nearly to our potential. I think the greatest enemy S.B. have is probably is success. It is not theological differences. We do so well that we may be content with success. And then our numbers are so large, that manwhen we multiply numbers by what we do as individuals, we get astronomical figures, like 12.3 million members, and like \$1.2 billion in gifts. Now many people may say, a billion dollars ought to be enough to put in the cause of Christ. But when we think about there being 2½ billion people in the world whove never heard about Jesus, and wmmam when we think about the opporutnities to send missio aries out, kukman and to use modern technology such as radio and teleivision, all of which costs a substantial amount of money, its a great challenge to S.B. And my hope is that we will reverse the trend of giving less proportion of our income. 10 years ago, we were giving 2.2 % of our income, and the last figures i saw, we were giving about 1.9 % of our income. We've got to give moreto offset inflation and to expand. So the first hope is that will provide the means to carry out some boadd programs that our HMB and FMB and our state conventions have in the area of evangelism and missions.

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m T}$ hen I have great hopes for the involvement of great multitudes of lay people in the future. These people are available. We have 80,000 people who retire every year. If even 1 % get involved a year, that would be 800 a year. We have great numbers of people who take early retirement, who reach their financial goals in life. We have great numbers of students who graduate from Baptist colle**fe**s, and we marke no effort as S.B. bo place these in positions where they can serve strategically. Mr I feel that we should have a "employment agency" to help kinkemxmxm them find secular employment in places where they dan serve Christ. (Example: A fellow (S.B.) km in western Nebraska told me on one xmxmoccassion, 'I keed 4 engineers. Can you tell me any place where I can get 4 S.B. to consider?!) We ought to be placing hundreds of Baptist graduates, not only from among the 15,000 who graduate from Baptist colleges this year, but alsom from among the 25,000-35,000 # who graduate from our state schools--and many of these would a  $\infty$ ept the call and commission to go out into an area in secular employment and help establish missions. Much of our work in new states and new areas in this country, and even in foreign co ntries, has been started by lay people. So I have great hopes the convention will open up new channels and avenues for a greater involvement of lay people.

I would also hope we can increase the a reas in which we have m ssionaries and the number of missionaries we have both at home and abroad. It takes about 2,500 s. B. to support one missionary, either home or foreign. You take the average church with 2,500 mambers and they will have a staff of 20 people. But we're a little mixed up. We want 20 people to serve us, most of whom have already claimed the gospel and the promises of it, and we have one person representing that same mumber to go to the world where they don't know the gospel. Now I'm not critical of the church staff\*\*\*\*we need them. It is not a matter of either/or; it is a mater of both/and. And we have the resources to claim the lives of more pumph people and to send more people out as missionaries.

Then one area of special concern to me is the Northeast section of the country. If you drew a line from hicago to St. Louis and over to Norfolk, Va., you'd take in about 1/6 of the country, but ½ of the people. And I'm told that 45% of those people are unchurched, which means that 45 and 50 million unchurched people live in that area. We really ought to go all out in carrying the gosepl there. The people will respond. Last year in New England Assocation, they had a baptismal xeaximum ration of f 4:1. In the nation as a whole, it was 30:1. So peapele will respond. In some areas weve reached the saturation point and we need to be omore effective in areas of this country/where people are responding to the gospel and where thexprencin fields are really white unto harvest and the laborers are truly few.

These are some of the hopes and aspirations I have.

Q--How much time and travel has the job of SBC president taken, and what are your views of the role of the SBC president?

A- I was schedule to retire in May, 1973, as president of MCC, but earlier, we'd selected a fine team to take over management of cooperative that manufactures fertilizer, so soon after my election in June, 1972, we wlected my successor as ex. vp, and I began to ease out, and 100% out in May, 1973. So I made myself available in the fall of 1972 almost fulltime mm for this task. Not that the real duties of the SBC presidentcy require full time, but I was available, I was in the process of retiring, and the number of invitations that com3e in are far beyond what one man could do if he gave wk full time to it. And I began to accept more and more of these invitations. Before the date of the SBC in Dallas, Mrs.

Cooper and I willhave visited each of the 50 states and we've been on fife continents. We've enjoyed it. I do not keep a travel log, but I estimate I've been averaging about 400 miles a day. But I'm not positive about that. I've enjoyed it very much.

I do not think the role of the president of the SBC should be stereotyped. I think each person ought to bring to the office his concepts, his edeas, and and degree of freshness. We make the office more effective that way. I have assumed my role as president of the SBC, largely because of my lay status, largely because I've been working with all agencies of the convention for a long time, theough an extended tenure on the Ex. Com., not as one to come out and min launch some program that the SBC might get involved in; but to try to interpret to the poeple of S.B. the existing programs and plans of our various agencies. I've gone up and down the memman country trying to let people know what the SBC is, how it functions through its agencies, that they mem are really a part of it, xmxmmm and the real support of the covonent on comes from the grsssrooms of the country. I've not tried to launch something new but to strengthen what we have.

Then I've tried to enlarge the vision of our example people by letting them know www are a great people doing a good job, but there is yet room for improvement; and if we are going to evangelize, the world, we are going to have to substantially improve our commitment number and our support in that area.



Q-What do you plan after leaving the office?

I will re-metire, and them will review the situation. We are working with the BWA, Men's Department, trying to strengthen that organization to bring about greater fellowship among may people in the world. I'll be giving a reasonable amount of time to that. I am president of the Pan American Union of Baptist Men, and I have negelected that for the past 2 years, and I will be giving more time to that. I am very much interested in India, and the Lord willing, I hope to participate in some programs what will bring the gospel to more people in India. I will continue serfing on the borads of directors of several companies in which is am involved.

Mrs. Coopera and I have had a taste of travel, but we want to travel differently from now on. We want to travel leisurely. This fall we are planing

to take 40 or 50 S. B. to New Engl and while the leaves are in the height of visit
their color and see the folage, and and approprie with our work there. We want to enjoy our children, and our grandchildren, and sour local church. We've almost said goodbye to our local church, and we want to get meaningfully involved back in our local church. Maybe a little golf now and then.

Q--What do you think will be the key issues at the SBC in Dallas?

With a great MM night Tuesday, a great MM night Wedneseay, and a great meeting Thursday night with Billy Graham, the mattef of evangelism and missions is going to be paramount in the minds of the people out there. And that's really the great issue before us. Because we see so much alike on it, we aften say, that's really not an issue; but it is an issue. It is a question of civilization maximization and the survival. It is a mater of getting Chstn ethics and xtn viewpoints and Xtn morality resestablished in this ownm country and spread in other countries. So there

So there will be issues growing out of that. It is my understanding there will be a motion presented to take the evengelism division out of the home mission board. Well, this will be one debate relating to this subject. I do not feel as president of the convetition I should promits positionize myself on these emm issues...

I think also there is going to be a motion made that will have something to do with the ordination of women as deacons or ministers. I do not know what form it will be in, but I have been in communication with one many who says he intends to make such a motion. I have an idea that if such a motion is made, it will be debated, and probably there will be some resphuti ons that will mental engender some hope debate, but min I would not try to anticipate those. I would without there tis i enough "issues" to maintain interest, but not enough to push us off into any

acrimonious debate. Baptists have differing points of view and it is entier ly

appropriate that they should air these points of view and get the other fellows viewpoinnt. That's part of the demomratic proces through which we operate.

Q-Would you comment: if you see growth in the overall work of the Brotherhood Commission.

The involvement of men in Xtny to me is indespensible. Pastors xmmen nowadays have to spend so much time counseling frustrated youth, people who have family problems.... (tape ended), that the demand s on his time are far greater than in the past. Pastors do not have time tto get out in seeing lost people, though they should and do some of that. Now the lost people are not going to church like they used to. The last people will be where the layman is working on Monday morning. I think we've got to shift this emphasis in the future and get lay people to realize that the effective witnessing in the future is going to be by them, where they are during the weekdays, xmminthannxsmhminham/.....I also believe that the growing demand for financial resources up and down our convention demand a greater dommitment of laymen in the area of Xtn stewardship. So much depends on this involvement of laymen.

Therefore, if this is indespensible, and to me the gext great thurst of Xtny awayts the involvement of lay people meaningfully and in large numbers, and if this is true, the agency of this convention which has as its sole responsibility the enkistment of laymen is very vital. Now I know other organizations are involved with lay people, the SS is a lay movement—the largest lay movement we have. So this is not exclusively a fuction of the Brotherhood Commission. The HMB is seeking to involve lay people; the FMB; they both have people who work full time in this area. The Brotherhood is the one who works exclusively in this area, and charged with them trying to bring this support in focus. Therefore, I see great need.

The second thing is that I like what I see going on down at the Bro.

Comm. in Memphis. A freshnews, a new main viewpoint, innovative ideas, creativity,

They are memory severely limited in funds. And it takes times to develop these

programs. Them You just can't push a button and they start rolling out. But I

have great hopes for the work of the Bro. Comm. and am pleased with the progress

they have made under the direction of Dr. McCullough since he has been there.

(Question not on tape\*)

Sometimesk the question is a asked me, how am I as a layman received. I want to say, I could not ask for a better reception. The hands of the pastors have been extended. The pulpits have been opem. The fellowship halls have been available. And at no time have I felt anything standing between me and where I was going because I was a layman. I want to thank the churches and pastors for that.

But this is as should be and as would be experted. I'm asked sometimes why there area so few lay propriate presidents of the convention. My general answer is the that it is difficult for a lay person to get the exposure necessary to be known. I do not feel there is animosity toward the the exposure a layman. But lay has people do not attend the evangelism conferences, many do not attend the state conventions, and the example a great many do not attend the SEC; and they are just not known, and when the question comes from anyone voting for someone voting for someone he knows and appreciates as contrasted for voting for someone he doesn't know, generally, the person he knows is going to get his vote.

Q-What day is the overall maximixman mondamman mood of S.Bapt. Is there an optimism about S.B. life in general?

There is a little note of complacency growing among S.Bapt. We've been very successful. There is a tendency to say, 'they're getting along mighty well, we'd better build that activities building or we better get us another staff member. And oftentimes this is done at the expense of the mission program of the church.

I feel S.B. are optimistic; I don't think with the phomises of Christ we could help but ultilately be optimistic; for if he is on our side, who really can be against it. I don't think this is fimm foolish optimism, by thinking we are going to conquer the world or win the world in them next 10 years. But in think it is optimism to the point of encouragement.

If feel the leaders of the convention must continually challenge our people, and our agencies must challeng us, with new and expanding programs so as to keep us away from becoming satisfied which and complacent with the good job we are doing.

As President of the Southern Baptist Convention and president of the Pan American Baptist Union, among other affiliations, how are you as a layman received?

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im happy to find this situation existing throut the convention.

Would you cooperate the role of the Cooperative Program in what you just said?

My understanding is that of the undes. \$ that comes into a church, 91 cents stays in the local church; 6 cents of it goes to the state convention; and 3 cents of it comes to Nashville.

The Cooperative Program has proved to be the most effective way of channeling our support for our mission agencies and other agencies of the convention.

And anything weve found heretofore. It's a tremendously effective tool to work with ax as SBs. I think the average church needs to review its giving through the cooperative prog. After all, these agencies of the SBC and states are just an extension of the arm of the local church. The FMB is an extension of the arm of the local church in the area of foreign missions.

COOPER

(LAST TWO QUESTIONS)

Per onally, I blieve that a church should give at least 10 percent to the cp. and i think any less than that, it fails to bring a blessing to the church. And I also believe that any pastor who will get two laymen to support him, plus any women that are already in favor is of it, can help increase the cp giving in his church — a pastor and 2 laymen plus the WMU ——if he's giving less than 12 — 15% —— if they commit selves to it and inform the people of it. And I trust that by 1975 when the cp will be 75 years old. That we will be giving that year, \$150 million thru the cp to sustain these great mission and evangelistic, and training agencies (such as the seminaries).

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